

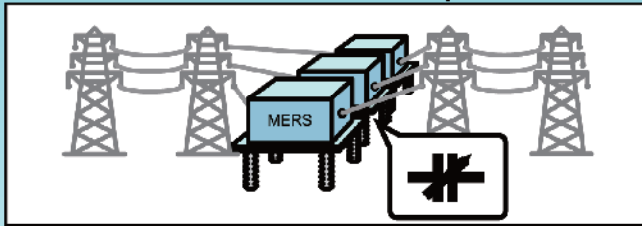


磁気エネルギー回生スイッチ(MERS)の 電力系統への応用

Applying Magnetic Energy Recovery Switch (MERS) in Power Systems

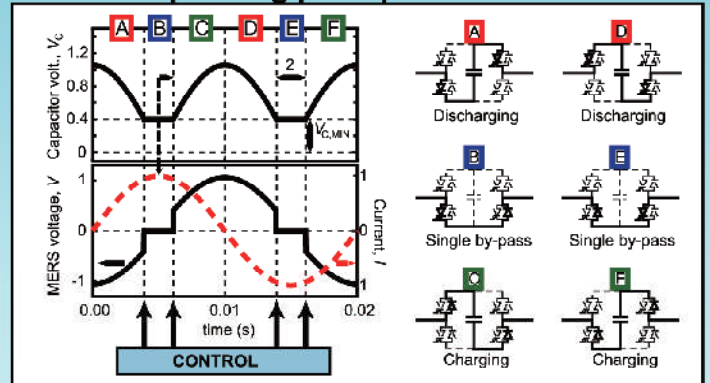
送電容量の増大 (Increasing Transmission Capacity)

電力系統の直列補償 Series compensation

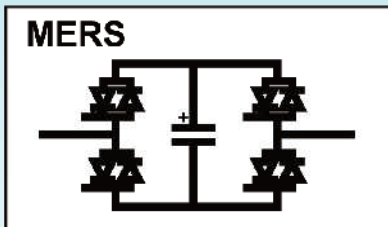


- 送電容量を **増大** させる
Increasing transmission capacity
- 電力潮流を **制御** する
Flexible control of power flow

動作原理 Operating principle



新しい電力潮流制御装置 A new power flow controller



- 電力系統に直列に接続する
In series with transmission line
- 広い動作範囲
Large operating range
- トランス・レス
Transformerless
- 簡単な制御
Simple Control
- 過電流保護が容易
Simple over-current protection
- SSR (低周波振動) の可能性が低い
Low chance for SSR
SSR: Sub-synchronous resonance

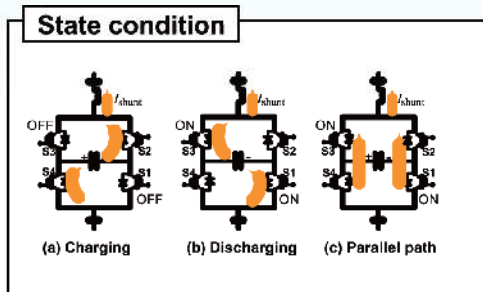
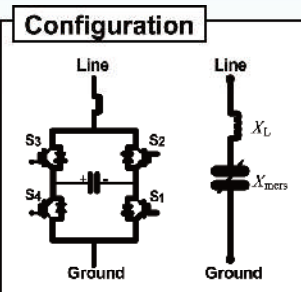
SVC MERSによる電圧制御 (Voltage Control by SVC MERS)

- SVC MERSはMERS+インダクタを回路に **並列に接続する** 構成
SVC MERS is MERS + inductor connected in **parallel**.

SVC MERSの特徴 Features of SVC MERS

- 簡単で高速な制御性 **Simple and fast** control
- 低周波スイッチング **Low** switching frequency
- 低スイッチング損失 **Low** switching losses
- 高調波が少ない **Low** harmonic distortion

他の方式のSVCとの比較 Comparison to others SVC



無効電力制御の原理 (Controlling reactive power)

$$Q \text{ (Reactive power)} = \frac{V_{in}^2}{X_{svc\ mers}}, \quad X_{svc\ mers} = X_L - X_{MERS}(\delta)$$

δ : control angle of MERS

- 電圧特性の改善 (電圧制御性・安定度の改善)
Improving voltage profile.
- 力率改善により系統損失の削減
Power factor correction with reduced grid losses.

SVC MERS	TCR + TSC	STATCOM
Simple with PI control	Dual control with PI control	PWM and complex
Line frequency	Line frequency	High frequency
12 IGBTs	12 Thyristors	6 IGBTs
Small inductor	Large inductor	Large inductor
3 dc capacitors	3 ac capacitors	1 big capacitor
Low harmonics	High harmonics	Low harmonics